



Problem 1 – Derivative Using the Power Rule

Recall the Power Rule $\frac{d}{dx}(x^n) = n \cdot x^{n-1}$.

1. Based on the Power Rule, what do you think the derivative of $f(x) = (2x + 1)^2$ is?

Graph the derivative of the function and your conjecture about the derivative. Go to the Y= Editor. In **y1**, type **(2x+1)^2**. In **y2**, type **nDeriv(y1(x),x)**. To access the **nDeriv** command, go to the Math menu (**[2nd]** + **[MATH]**) and select **B:Calculus>A:nDeriv(**. In **y3**, type your conjecture for the derivative of $f(x) = (2x + 1)^2$. Highlight **y1** and press **[F4]** to unselect this function, and press **[♦]** + **[F3]** to graph **y2** and **y3**. Note: The graph may take a minute to appear. If your conjecture is correct, the graphs of **y2** and **y3** will coincide. If your conjecture is incorrect, the graphs of **y2** and **y3** will not coincide.

2. Was your conjecture correct? If not, how can you change your conjecture to make it correct?

3. Expand the binomial $(2x + 1)^2$. Take the derivative of each term. How does this compare with your answer to Question 1?

Problem 2 – The Chain Rule

The following are ‘true’ statements that can be verified on the TI-89.

$$d((5x+7)^3, x) = 3 \cdot (5x+7)^2 \cdot 5x \quad \text{true}$$

$$d((x^3+7)^5, x) = 5 \cdot (x^3+7)^4 \cdot 3x^2 \quad \text{true}$$

$$d((x^2+6)^4, x) = 4 \cdot (x^2+6)^3 \cdot 2x \quad \text{true}$$

4. What patterns do you see? Using any information that you can infer from these statements, create a rule for finding the derivative of these functions. Discuss the patterns you see and the rule you created with a partner.



5. Using your rule from Question 4, what is $\frac{d}{dx}((3x+2)^2)$?

Verify your answer by typing your statement on the entry line of your TI-89. If you are correct, the TI-89 will return the word, 'true'. If you are incorrect, the TI-89 will return a false statement. If you are incorrect, try again by editing your statement. You can copy your last command by selecting `2nd` + `ENTER`.

6. What is $\frac{d}{dx}((7x+2)^3)$? Verify your answer.

7. What is $\frac{d}{dx}((4x^2+2x+3)^4)$? Verify your answer.

The derivative rule you have just observed is called the **Chain Rule**. It is used to take the derivative of composite functions. The Chain Rule is $\frac{d}{dx}(f(g(x))) = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$. First, take the derivative of the “outside function” at $g(x)$. Then, multiply this by the derivative of the “inside function.”

8. Use the Chain Rule to create three additional true statements. Verify your answers.



Problem 3 – Homework Problems

Evaluate the following derivatives using the Chain Rule. Verify your answers.

1. $\frac{d}{dx}((4x^3 + 1)^2) =$

2. $\frac{d}{dx}((-5x + 10)^7) =$

3. $\frac{d}{dt}((2t^5 - 4t^3 + 2t - 1)^2) =$

4. $\frac{d}{dx}((x^2 + 5)^{-2}) =$

5. $\frac{d}{dz}((z^3 - 3z^2 + 4)^{-3}) =$